



West High Yield (W.H.Y.) Resources Ltd.

**Management Discussion and Analysis
For the three and nine months ended September 30,
2021**

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Notice to Reader

This management's discussion and analysis ("**MD&A**") of West High Yield (W.H.Y.) Resources Ltd. (the "**Company**") contains an analysis of the Company's operational and financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, in comparison with the same period of the prior year. This MD&A has been prepared by management as of November 26, 2021 and has been approved by the Company's Audit Committee. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's accompanying audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and notes thereto, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**").

All dollar amounts referred to in this MD&A are expressed in Canadian dollars except where indicated otherwise. The Company's common shares (the "**Shares**" and each individually a "**Share**" as the context requires) trade on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "**TSXV**") under the symbol WHY. The Company's most recent filings, including its audited financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are available under the Company's profile on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("**SEDAR**") and can be accessed through the internet at www.sedar.com.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A contains "forward-looking information" within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation concerning the business, operations and financial performance and condition of the Company. Statements containing forward-looking information include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to anticipated developments in the Company's operations in future periods; planned exploration activities; the adequacy of the Company's financial resources and other events or conditions that may occur in the future; estimated mineral resources; the ability of the Company to create value for its shareholders; the ability of the Company to meet expected financing requirements; the future price of magnesium; the drill results and related outlooks; the estimation of mineral resources; the realization of mineral reserve estimates; the timing and amount of estimated future production; capital expenditures; permitting time lines and permitting, mining or processing issues; information concerning the interpretation of drill results; success of exploration activities; environmental risks; methods to adjust the capital structure of the Company; unanticipated reclamation expenses; title disputes or claims; and limitations on insurance coverage. Generally, statements containing forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might", "will" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Statements containing forward-looking information are based on the opinions and estimates of management as of the date such statements are made, and they are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such statements, including but not limited to risks related to: current global financial conditions; the need for additional financing and its availability on acceptable terms; the speculative nature of the mining industry; the ability to acquire and abide by necessary licenses, permits and government regulations; unforeseen title matters; environmental risks; competition for future acquisitions and investment; the significant influence of the principal shareholders; related party debt; economic viability of reserves; the ability to satisfy the financial needs required to maintain the Company's status as a going concern; the early stage of the Company's exploration and development operations; the Company's need to rely on technical experts, which may not be available; future dilution to existing shareholders; certain uninsured or uninsurable risks; future resource prices; adverse effects on share prices from factors beyond the Company's control; as well as other factors discussed herein. Although management of the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected in statements containing forward-looking information, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended.

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There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking information that is included herein, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

Overview

The Company is a publicly traded junior mining exploration company listed on the TSXV and was founded in 2003, having its head office in Calgary, Alberta. It is focused on the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Canada with its primary objective to develop its intermediate-advanced stage exploration Record Ridge South Magnesium Property located 10.5 km west to southwest of the City of Rossland, British Columbia (the "**Record Ridge Property**"). The Record Ridge Property is 5 km north of the US-Canada border, in the Trail Creek Mining Division, British Columbia. The Company issued its Preliminary Economic Assessment ("**PEA**" on its Record Ridge Property project (the "**RRIMM Project**") on June 4, 2013, which is available under the Company's profile on SEDAR. Highlights of the PEA are included below.

The Company retains 100% of the mineral rights to the Record Ridge Property, which consists of 29 contiguous mineral claims, eight crown granted claims, and one privately owned claim totaling 8,972 hectares. The known magnesium mineralization is located within two of the mineral claims. Infrastructure for the proposed RRIMM Project is located on mineral tenures controlled by the Company.

The Company is in the process of exploring and evaluating its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on continued forbearance of the amounts due to related parties and the Company's ability to obtain financing to continue exploration and development of the mineral property. There is no certainty that the Company will be able to obtain the financing required to continue exploration and development activities or of the ongoing forbearance of related parties and other creditors. In addition, there is no certainty that the mineral property will contain economically recoverable reserves. These conditions create a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

On March 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, customers, economies and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. This outbreak could decrease spending, adversely affect demand for our product and harm our business and ability to raise capital. It is not possible for us to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its effect as it continues to raise additional capital to complete Permit process to develop the current project.

Current Highlights

Non-brokered Private Placement

On August 4, 2021, the Company completed the closing of a private placement offering of units (the "**Units**") totaling 332,735 Units for gross proceeds of \$116,457 (the "**Offering**"). Each Unit was priced at \$0.35 per Unit and included one (1) Share and one-quarter (1/4) of one (1) share purchase warrant (the "**Warrants**"). One full Warrant entitles a holder to purchase one additional Share at an exercise price of \$0.45 per Share for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of closing.

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While the Company was not successful in raising the maximum amount of the approved financing amount under the Offering, it continues to pursue additional means of raising capital to settle outstanding accounts payable, advance its permit application process and further its Magnesium Hydrometallurgical prefeasibility test work (as discussed and defined below).

EnviroGold Joint Venture

On November 10, 2020, the Company announced that it entered a joint venture agreement (the "**JV Agreement**") with EnviroGold Global (the "**Joint Venture**") for the development, operation, and reclamation of its precious mineral (Au/Ag) rock rejects located on its gold claims in Rossland, BC. The Joint Venture is conditional upon the parties receiving approval from the Ministry of Mines in British Columbia. If the Joint Venture is approved, the Company is confident it will help unlock the tremendous value of the mine reject rocks that were stockpiled on the Company's claims from historic mining operations on its gold claims in Rossland, British Columbia. The reject rock averaged 2.5 gpt Au based on independently assayed random 99 bulk samples at the Met-Solve Laboratories located in Langley, British Columbia. Should the Joint Venture be approved, all recoverable saleable minerals and metals will be extracted and marketed (including but not limited to recoverable gold and silver) and proceeds from the Joint Venture will be used by the Company to support advancement of its strategic vision to develop its mineral resource properties located in British Columbia. The JV Agreement with supersedes a prior agreement of the Company to mine the reject rocks, which terminated on November 20, 2020.

Industrial Quarry Permit

On February 14, 2019, the Company submitted a joint permit application for a *Mines Act* (British Columbia) permit and *Environmental Management Act* (British Columbia) permit (collectively, the "**Permit Application**") proposing to develop and operate the RRIMM Project. The Permit Application's structure and content follows the guidance provided in the "Joint Application Information Requirements for Mines Act and Environmental Management Act Permits" (dated February 2016) prepared by the British Columbia Ministry of Energy and Mines and the British Columbia Ministry of Environment (together, the "**Ministries**") and associated draft Section 4 revision (dated March 22, 2018). In addition, the Permit Application addresses the list of information requirements as per the Joint Information Requirements Table ("**IRT**") that was developed and reviewed by the Mine Development Review Committee of the Major Mines Permitting Office, specifically for the RRIMM Project.

The Company began an extensive program of collecting environmental data in 2016 under the guidance and direction of Greenwood Environmental Inc. ("**Greenwood**") and in close coordination with SRK Consulting (Canada) Inc. ("**SRK**"), who provided engineering oversight and mine planning related services for and on behalf of the Company. The Company's RRIMM Project team has participated with reviewers from the Ministries in the pre-application phase to determine the requirements and any specifics and methodologies that were or may be required for the Permit Application. The Permit Application will now be screened against the information required in its unique IRT and any changes or additional information requested will be considered by the Company.

Subsequent to the permit application screening request from the Ministries, the Company advises that SRK has completed the additional information and requested work as of November 16th, 2021, and that this information has been forwarded to Greenwood for finalization and submission to the Ministries. It is projected that the updated Permit Application will be submitted by the Company to the Ministries in early December 2021. The Industrial Quarry Permit sought under the *Mines Act* (British Columbia) will allow for the extraction and sale of up to 249,999 tonnes per annum of industrial rock. The proposed rock quarry is not subject to the *Environmental Assessment Act* (British Columbia) or the Canadian *Environmental Assessment Act*.

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Magnesium Serpentine Ore Processing

In late 2017, the Company engaged Kingston Process Metallurgy Inc. ("**KPM**") of Kingston, Ontario to review the efficacies of potential magnesium extraction process using hydrochloric, sulphuric and nitric acid leachates and to recommend a metallurgical process with a high magnesium recovery rate; a high leachate recovery rate; and, capable of producing a high value commercial grade magnesia (MgO) and $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$ products from the Record Ridge serpentine. Based on its review, KPM recommended Hydrometallurgy based on hydrochloric acid.

On May 1, 2019, KPM reported its conclusions of its Stage 1 Pre-Feasibility Study ("**PFS**") report. The PFS Stage 1 testing focused on leaching and purification tests and development of basic process data required to complete engineering design and economic analysis. Their report stated: "overall, the work has clearly demonstrated that it is possible to produce a high purity (>99%) magnesium chloride (" **MgCl_2** ") solution from Record Ridge Property material using a commercially proven hydrochloric acid ("**HCl**") based treatment process. This solution would be suitable for the production of high value, high purity magnesium oxide (" **MgO** ") and flame retardant quality magnesium hydroxide (" **$\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$** ") using a commercially proven pyrohydrolysis." KPM recommended the Company proceed to Stage 2 of the PFS involving completion of the engineering design and costing.

On February 1, 2021, KPM initiated work on the first part of Stage 2 PFS, which included performing a set of laboratory scale experimental test work to validate the flowsheet from Stage 1 for the production of $\text{MgO}/\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$ and saleable by-products. Stage 2 of the PFS was supported in part by advisory services and research and development funding from the National Research Council of Canada Industrial Research Assistance Program (NRC/IRAP). The specific objectives of this work were:

- (a) to demonstrate that saleable MgO and $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$ products can be produced from ore at the Record Ridge Property;
- (b) to investigate the production of various by-products from ore at the Record Ridge Property and specifically nickel chloride (" **NiCl_2** "), iron oxide (" **Fe_2O_3** ") and silica (" **SiO_2** "); and
- (c) to prepare a process flowsheet to show the operational integration and preliminary mass balance.

KPM conducted this metallurgical PFS work in close coordination with KON Chemical Solutions - a European process engineering and design company specialized in the processing of magnesium, and Tenova (Europe) – a company specialized in the design and development of innovative technologies for the green and efficient recoveries of various metals and minerals. Tenova recently designed and installed an HCl based serpentine magnesium processing facility in Europe, which is currently in operation.

Testing was completed on March 31, 2021. The test work results validated the chemistry and process conditions proposed to produce high purity MgO main product, in addition to SiO_2 , Fe_2O_3 , NiCl_2 and nickel oxide (NiO) by-products. A technical grade >98wt% pure MgO as well as high purity >99% MgO were achieved by 'static' roasting-washing-calcination process. Final results are expected shortly for the spray roasting process, successfully tested.

High purity SiO_2 was produced as by-product using chemical treatment of the initial leach residue. Fe solid residue was obtained in the Fe/Ni recovery section using pyro-hydrolysis process from the solid filter cake obtained from magnesium chloride purification stream. This was further calcined to produce pure Fe_2O_3 by-product. Intermediate iron hydroxide $\text{FeO}(\text{OH})$ was obtained, which could prove to be a valuable by-product. Finally, NiCl_2 and NiO were also obtained in the subsequent tests. Although more test-work is recommended by KPM in the future to study and optimize the various by-products, the current test results showed the ability to obtain high quality SiO_2 , Fe_2O_3 and NiCl_2/NiO products.

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A preliminary commercial scale flowsheet and mass and energy balance were prepared based on the test results. A potential commercial plant flowsheet was developed and a high-level mass and energy balance was calculated for a plant treating 60,000 t/y ore. KPM recommended that the project proceed to the next stage that would include i) optimization test-work focused on the SiO_2 , Fe_2O_3 , $\text{FeO}(\text{OH})$, and NiCl_2/NiO by-products, and ii) conducting detailed prefeasibility study (PFS) to support the next step in project commercialization.

A two-stage commercialization pathway was recommended by KPM. In the first stage, a semi-commercial demonstration plant of capacity 2 t/h (~15,000 t/y) ore will be designed, built and operated. The design will be based on an analogous plant operating in Europe and customized using the results of the recent experimental work with the Record Ridge ore. The work will be done in collaboration with Tenova, Austria, a company who recently designed and built a similar plant in Europe. The objectives of the demonstration plant are to optimize the process, to provide data for design of the commercial scale plant, and to produce samples for product qualification. The demonstration plant will be cash flow positive, and the Company plans to keep it in operation until the successful commissioning of its first commercial plant. In the second stage, a full-scale commercial plant (i.e. >150,000 t/y ore) will be designed and built.

The company plans to bring the project to the next PFS stage and asked KPM and its European consultants to prepare PFS report that will include,

- (a) a detailed design and economic evaluation of the demonstration plant; and
- (b) a high-level design and economic evaluation of the commercial plant.

The company will also engage KPM to review available commercial green technologies for Mg ingot production and a proposed pathway forward. The objective of this study is to find the right commercialized electrolytic process for producing high-purity magnesium metal from magnesium oxide (MgO) or magnesium chloride (MgCl_2) feeds, both of which are produced by the company's HCl-based process

To complement its HCl leaching project and in anticipation of high global demand for magnesium metal mainly in the automotive and aerospace sectors, the company is considering the potential to produce magnesium metal (Mg), and had requested KPM to prepare a review of Mg production alternatives. The objective of the review is to present the most promising, commercially available technology for Mg production from a serpentine feedstock taking into account WHY's primary project that will produce a magnesium chloride intermediate product and a high purity magnesium oxide final product. The specific objectives are to:

1. Identify commercially available Mg production technologies and discuss their key features.
2. Present high-level economics for the technologies.
3. Discuss the technical and operational risks of the technologies.
4. Recommend a pathway forward.

The company expects to receive KPM's report in January, 2022.

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BC Gold Drilling Permit

On September 4, 2020, the British Columbia Ministry of Mines granted the Company a drilling permit for the drilling of 22 individual 600 meter/holes (totaling up to 20,000 meters in the aggregate) on the Company's Midnight Gold Claim, located in the Rossland Gold Camp (the "**Gold Project**"). The Rossland Gold Camp historically produced over 2.76 million ounces of recovered Gold and 3.52 million ounces of recovered Silver. Historical gold production, geological work, and 2009 drill hole results reinforce the high potential of the Company's Midnight Gold Claim and the planned Gold Project.

The Company, using the analysis from its 2009 gold drill program (the "**2009 Drill Program**") (where it drilled 26-holes on its Midnight Gold Claim), noted that except for two holes (MN09-19 and MN09-26), all holes intersected a series of quartz veins and gold bearing serpentinites with significant gold values, notably hole MN09-15, which returned weighted average of 40.1 g/tonne over a true width of 2.3 m including 198 g/tonne Au for a true width of 0.8 m near surface (13.9 m in drill depth); and hole MN09-24, which returned a weighted average of 25.16 g/tonne over a true width of 3.6 m including 73.23 g/tonne Au for a true width of 1.2 m. Highlights of the 2009 Drill Program are depicted below.

Hole	Depth (m)	From	To	Width (m)	Grade Au (g/t)	Comments
MN 09-4	123	31.3	39.4	8.1	12.2	Listwanized serpentinite 8 g/t Ag including 85.48 g/t Au and 58.2 g/t over 1 m
MN 09-6	121	13.6	26.8	13.2	7.40	Mixed Qtz + listwanized serp. 4.4 g/t Ag including 38.21 g/tonne Au & 53.3 g/tonne Au over 0.6 m & 0.5 m, respectively
MN 09 -15	106	13.9	18	4.1	40.11	Green serp. & soapstone (19.7 g/tonne Ag including 198 g/t Au over 0.8 m
MN 09-24	82	28.9	33.5	4.6	25.16	Mixed Qtz veins & serpentinite including 73.23 g/t Au over 1.5 m

Based on previously released drill core results, the Company plans to further define the gold mineralization on its Midnight property in order to allow the Company to proceed with a mineral resource estimate pursuant to National Instrument 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*.

Results of Operations

The Company had a net loss after taxes of \$271,678 for the three months ended September 30, 2021 (compared to a net loss of \$524,308 for three months ended September 30, 2020) and a net loss of \$1,294,482 for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 (compared to a net loss of \$953,842 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020). The Company has no commercial production at this time; therefore, it has no revenue from operations or sales.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company incurred the following costs:

General Business and Operating Costs

The Company recorded general business and operating costs of \$612,751 (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, these costs totaled \$331,826) consisting of:

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- (a) \$298,005 of legal and accounting related costs (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, these costs totaled \$165,163);
- (b) \$261,000 of accrued salaries and expenses, of which salaries were increased effective January 1, 2021 by the entering into new employment agreements with key personnel of the Company effective as of January 1, 2021 (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, these costs totaled \$117,000); and
- (c) \$53,746 of general miscellaneous costs (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, these costs totaled \$49,663).

Stock Based Compensation

Included in the net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 is \$253,298 of stock-based compensation (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, these costs totaled \$349,713). The Company granted 500,000 stock options to various consultants of the Company on April 15, 2021 (the "**Initial Options**"). All of the Initial Options vested on their date of grant, have an exercise price per option of \$0.18 and expire on April 15, 2026. The Company granted an additional 1,325,000 stock options to various directors on May 7, 2021 (the "**Subsequent Options**"). All of the Subsequent Options vested on their date of grant, have an exercise price per option of \$0.20 and expire on May 7, 2026.

Exploration Expenses

The Company incurred exploration expenses of \$130,816 (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, these costs totaled \$15,262) associated with the submission of the joint Permit Application for a *Mines Act* (British Columbia) permit, *Environments Management Act* (British Columbia) permit develop and operate its RRIM Project and Gold Project.

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	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Head Office Expenses				
Office salaries and benefits	\$87,000	\$39,000	\$261,000	\$117,000
Legal, audit and accounting	61,376	51,845	298,005	165,163
Promotion and investor relations	4,429	3,099	40,950	23,697
Travel	502	599	1,214	-
Provision for Contingencies	-	-	-	-
Other office costs	3,430	3,729	11,582	25,366
Total Head Office Costs	156,737	98,272	612,751	331,826
Recovery of Insurance (legal)	-	-	-	-
Head Office Costs, net	\$156,737	\$98,272	\$612,751	\$331,826
Exploration Expenses				
Accommodation and meals	-	722	-	1,299
Assay	-	-	58,535	-
Consulting and labour	5,920	3,760	64,881	10,576
Freight and equipment transport	-	-	371	-
Miscellaneous field office	1,806	1,190	2,571	1,190
Project costs	-	-	-	-
Property and mineral taxes	-	-	3,370	2,046
Travel and transportation	1,088	-	1,088	152
Total Exploration Costs	\$8,812	5,672	\$130,816	\$15,263
Short term lending and bank charges	54,444	36,664	144,367	109,207
Long term debt interest	49,386	42,113	144,018	123,097
Interest and Bank Charges	\$103,830	\$78,777	\$288,385	\$232,304
Non-cash expenses				
Depreciation and amortization	2,299	7,438	7,743	24,328
Stock based compensation	-	334,135	253,298	349,713
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	-	14	1,488	408
	\$2,299	\$341,587	\$262,529	\$374,449
Total expenses	\$271,678	\$524,308	\$1,294,482	\$953,842

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Summary of Quarterly Results

	Sept. 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	Mar. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020	Sept 30, 2020	June 30, 2020	Mar. 31, 2020	Dec. 31, 2019
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	1,802,819	1,688,856	1,623,424	1,637,482	1,577,686	1,566,519	1,606,452	1,623,192
Total long-term liabilities	1,750,886	1,701,499	1,653,507	1,606,867	1,556,196	1,514,084	1,473,063	1,433,099
Working capital surplus(deficiency)	(5,441,802)	(5,318,456)	(5,118,105)	(5,027,975)	(4,861,554)	(4,695,220)	(4,552,365)	(4,382,154)
Head office expense	156,737	289,800	166,214	296,053	98,272	104,415	128,475	348,245
Exploration expense	8,812	121,248	756	5,952	5,672	4,168	5,426	(28,074)
Non-cash expense	2,299	255,597	4,633	6,097	341,585	8,435	24,429	14,528
Net loss	(271,678)	(768,942)	(253,861)	(399,351)	(524,303)	(194,299)	(234,577)	(427,440)
Net loss per share ⁽¹⁾	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)

Notes:

(1) Basic and diluted.

All costs of exploratory work conducted on the Company's properties are expensed as incurred.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain the confidence of shareholders and investors in the implementation of its business plans by maintaining sufficient levels of liquidity to fund and support its property exploration and development as well as other corporate activities. The Company's capital historically has been derived from the issuance of equity and advances from a related party. Management monitors its financial position on an ongoing basis. Equity has been issued or debt from related and third parties has been obtained to finance the Company's operations, including its drilling programs. Significant capital will be required for the full development of commercial mining production if the Record Ridge South Property is proven to be an economically viable project.

The Company defines its capital as shareholders' deficit and working capital deficit. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, Big Mountain Development Corp. Ltd. ("**Big Mountain**") added an additional \$750,000 to its existing loan facility(the "**Big Mountain Loans**"), such additional credit having a repayment term of period of one year.

As at September 30, 2021, the Company owes \$38,000 to a director and \$3,482,485 to Big Mountain, which is a related party as Frank Marasco Jr., the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, and Maria Marasco, a director, along with other Marasco family members own 100% of Big Mountain. The Company's objective is to maintain a capital position in order to execute its business plan and maximize value for shareholders. Availability of capital is key to the future success of the Company and, as such, the Company strives to maintain strong relationships with the capital investment community. Methods employed to adjust the Company's capital structure in the future could include any, all, or a combination of the following activities:

- (a) issuing new shares through a public offering or private placement;
- (b) issuing convertible debt; or
- (c) raising fixed or floating rate debt.

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The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and no changes in approach to capital management have occurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021.

The Company is in the process of exploring and evaluating its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the forbearance of the amounts due to related parties and the Company's ability to obtain financing to continue exploration and evaluation of the mineral property and commercialize the mineral property. There is no certainty that the Company will be able to obtain the financing required to continue development activities.

Cash forecasts are done to match spending on general and administration costs and exploration costs to available cash resources. Spending is increased or decreased to match available funds. The Company seeks capital through the offering of common shares or loans from related parties to fund general and administrative costs and exploration activities. The Company will have to raise additional capital through the issue of shares or other means to repay the amount due to Big Mountain or seek forbearance in connection with loans from Big Mountain.

The Company has received various advances from Big Mountain in respect of the Big Mountain Loans pursuant to which Big Mountain has a promissory note and first charge general security agreement over all of the existing and future assets of the Company (collectively, the "**Security**"). Pursuant to the Security, in the event of a default by the Company on the Big Mountain Loans, Big Mountain may take actions to recover monies owing to it, which may include the seizure and sale of the Company's assets.

As at September 30, 2021, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$5,441,802 compared to a working capital deficit of \$4,861,554 as at September 30, 2020.

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Shares without par value.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company is not a party to any off-balance sheet arrangements or transactions.

Transactions with Related Parties

The Big Mountain Loans are detailed in the table below.

On April 29, 2021 (as noted above), the Company has received an additional advance of credit (the "**Additional Advance**") forming part of the Big Mountain Loans in the principal amount of \$750,000. The Additional Advance has a term of 12 months and will bear interest at the rate of 10% per annum. The Additional Advance is secured by the previously executed Security.

The Company received a loan from its directors in 2018, which is non-interest bearing, in the amount of \$200,000 (the "**Directors' Loans**"). During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Company received an additional Directors' Loan one of its directors of in the amount of \$38,000 (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, there were no director loans provided to the Company). Furthermore, during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 the Company made repayment on the Directors' Loans in the amount of \$155,259 (for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company made repayment on the Directors' Loans in the amount of \$44,740).

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	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Loan due December 31, 2021, bears interest at 8%	\$1,700,000	\$1,700,000
Advance	790,788	65,788
Accrued interest at end of year	991,698	823,296
Amount owed pursuant to Big Mountain Loans	\$3,482,485	\$2,589,084
Amount owed pursuant to Directors' Loans	193,259	169,260
Repayment of loan	(155,259)	-
Due to Related Party	\$3,520,484	\$2,758,344

The Company's interest expense on Big Mountain Loans were the following:

	Three months ended	
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
Interest on related party loans	\$143,401	\$103,501
Other interest and bank charges	966	5,706
Balance, end of period	\$144,367	\$109,207

Subsequent Events

- (a) On October 21, 2021, the Company announced and approved the grant of 350,000 additional stock options to a consultant of the Company. All of these additional options vested on their date of grant, have an exercise price per option of \$0.34 and expire on October 21, 2026.
- (b) On October 27, 2021, the Company engaged Independent Trading Group ("ITG") to initiate and provide market making services on behalf of the Company pursuant to a Market Making Service Agreement (the "**Market Making Agreement**"). For the provision of the Services by ITG under the Market Making Agreement, the Company agreed to pay ITG a service fee equal to \$4,000 per month for a period of six (6) months, with automatic one (1) month renewals thereafter until the Market Making Agreement terminated.
- (c) On November 8, 2021, certain holders (the "**Warrantholders**") of common share purchase warrants (the "**Warrants**") exercised an aggregate of 380,000 Warrants resulting in gross proceeds to the Company equal to \$57,000. The Warrants were issued in connection with a private placement financing of the Company which has the closing dates in November and December of 2020. Two (2) Warrants permitted each Warrantholder to acquire (1) Share (each, a "**Warrant Share**") at an exercise price of \$0.30 per Warrant Share.
- (d) On November 15, 2021, an additional 50,000 Warrants were exercised resulting in gross proceeds to the Company equal to \$7,500.
- (e) On November 18, 2021, an additional 125,000 Warrants were exercised resulting in gross proceeds to the Company equal to \$18,750.
- (f) On November 22, 2021, the Company announced that it has approved the grant of 727,000 additional stock options to various directors and consultants of the Company effective as of November 18, 2021. All of these additional options vested on their date of grant, have an exercise price per option of \$1.05 and expire on November 18, 2026.
- (g) On November 23, 2021, an additional 186,250 Warrants were exercised resulting in gross proceeds to the Company equal to \$55,875.

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Financial Instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, restricted deposits, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related party and long-term debt. Non-derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value, then at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The Company does not have significant exposure to interest rate risk. Accounts receivables are comprised predominantly of goods and services taxes and input tax credits.

Other MD&A Requirements

Record Ridge Property

As at September 30, 2021 mineral properties were \$1,480,983. No amortization is taken on the mineral properties as production has not commenced.

Exploration expenditures incurred prior to the determination of the feasibility of mining operations are expensed as incurred, (see details provided in previous sections.) Mineral property acquisition costs and exploration and development expenditures incurred subsequent to such determination, and to increase or to extend the life of existing production, are capitalized and amortized over the estimated life of the property following commencement of commercial production. The costs related to a property from which there is production, together with the costs of production equipment, will be depleted and amortized on the unit-of-production method based upon estimated reserves as determined by independent consulting engineers.

When there is little prospect of further work on a property being carried out by the Company or other indicators of impairment, the capitalized costs associated with the property are written down to their estimated recoverable amount.

Costs to acquire mineral leases, include direct legal costs are capitalized and in mineral properties. The amounts shown for mineral properties represent costs incurred to date, less recoveries and write-downs, and are not intended to reflect present or future values.

Outstanding Share Data

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Shares without par value.

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Equity instruments issued and outstanding:

	Nov.26, 2021	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Common shares	70,461,537	69,997,787	67,770,320
Warrants	908,182	1,835,683	877,500
Stock Options	7,002,000	5,925,000	5,425,000
Fully diluted	78,371,719	77,758,470	74,072,820

Risk Factors

The Company's business is the exploration, development and production of mineral resources. As the Company's business is in an exploration phase, an investment in securities of the Company involves a high degree of risk. Shareholders of the Company should carefully consider all of the information in this document, including the following risk factors, as well as the usual risks associated with an investment in a business at an exploration stage. The risk factors discussed below do not necessarily include all risks associated with the business, operations and affairs of the Company.

Exploration Stage Operations

The Company's operations are subject to all of the risks normally incident to the exploration for and the development and operation of mineral properties. Mineral exploration is a business of high inherent risk. All exploration and mining programs face a risk of unknown and unanticipated geological conditions, and promising indications from early results may not be borne out in further exploration work. Few properties which are explored are ever developed into producing mines. A mineral exploration program often requires substantial cash investment, which can be lost in its entirety if it does not result in the discovery of a commercially viable mineral resource.

The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is dependent on a number of factors, some of which are the particular attributes of the deposit, such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure, as well as mineral prices. Most of these factors are beyond the control of the Company. Mineral exploration involves risks which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience, and knowledge cannot eliminate. In addition, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to bring its magnesium mineral resource into commercial production. Development of a producing mine generally requires large capital investment and numerous permits from government regulatory agencies. There is no assurance that the funds required to exploit mineral resources discovered by the Company will be obtained on a timely basis or at all. There is also no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain the required government permits required.

The costs and time involved in the permitting process may also delay the commencement of mining operations or make the development of a producing mine uneconomic.

Financial Needs to Maintain Going Concern Status

To date, the Company has not had any revenues from operations. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to obtain financing to continue exploration, development and commercialize of the Record Ridge South Property. There is no certainty that the Company will be able to obtain the financing required to continue its exploration and development activities. Equity financing and related party loans have historically been the Company's source of financing its operations. There can be no assurance that additional financing will be available to the Company, or, if it is, that it will be available on terms acceptable to the Company. If the Company is unable to obtain the

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financing necessary to support its activities, it may be unable to continue as a going concern.

Competition

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all of its phases, and the Company competes with other companies, some of which have greater technical and financing resources than itself with respect to the ability to acquire properties of merit, the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and other persons to carry out its mineral exploration activities and for financing from third party investors. Competition in the mining industry could adversely affect the Company's prospects for mineral resource exploration in the future and cause the Company to fail to obtain appropriate personnel to pursue its objectives, the financing required to continue its exploration activities or further claims or properties to grow its business and operations.

Title to Properties

While the Company has investigated the title to the Record Ridge Property and all of its claims, the Company cannot guarantee that title to such property and claims will not be challenged or impugned. The Company can never be certain that it will have valid title to its mineral properties. Mineral properties sometimes contain claims or transfer histories that examiners cannot verify, and transfers are often complex. The Company does not carry title insurance on its Record Ridge Property. A successful claim that the Company does not have title to its Record Ridge Property (or any portion thereof) could cause the Company to lose its rights to that property, perhaps without compensation for its prior expenditures relating to the property.

Economic reserves development

The business of mineral deposit exploration and extraction involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored ultimately become producing mines. The Company is in the process of exploring its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company's continued viability is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of the properties, and upon future profitable production or from the proceeds from disposition of its mineral properties.

Related Party Debt

Related party debt is secured by the Security and in event of default by the Company, Big Mountain would be in a position to act on the Security to obtain payment of the debt owed to it. The Company anticipates Big Mountain's continued support and expects that it will be able to negotiate annual renewals of its related party loans with Big Mountain or obtain additional financing from Big Mountain; however, should Big Mountain take actions which are not favorable to the Company, it may result in a material adverse effect on the business, operations or future prospects of the Company.

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Commodity Pricing Risk

The Company is not currently producing and selling any mineral resources; however, a decrease in the interest of investors in magnesium (which may be caused by decreased commodity prices) could have a material adverse effect on the Company's ability to obtain ongoing financing and future off-takers.

Environmental Risk

Environmental regulations, among other things, mandate the maintenance of air and water quality standards, land reclamation, transportation, storage and disposal of hazardous waste. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties, more stringent environmental assessments and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation will not adversely affect the Company's operations or inhibit the Company's ability to successfully act to develop its mineral resources.

Reliance on Technical Experts

Exploration and development involve securing the services of and reliance on technical experts, particularly in the areas of drilling, assay testing and analysis, metallurgy, geology, resource analysis and reporting. The Company's inability to obtain the services of such technical experts may have a material adverse effect on the Company's ability to proceed with its exploration and development plans.

Dilution to the Company's existing shareholders

The Company will likely require additional equity financing to be raised in the future. The Company may issue securities at terms more favourable than those at which existing shareholders acquired Shares of the Company to raise sufficient capital to fund the Company's business plan. Any transaction involving the issuance of equity securities or securities convertible into common shares would result in dilution, possibly substantial dilution, to present and prospective holders of common shares.

Uninsured or Uninsurable Risks

The Company may become subject to liability for pollution or hazards against which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure where premium costs are disproportionate to the Company's perception of the relevant risks. The payment of such insurance premiums and of such liabilities would reduce the funds available for exploration and production activities.

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Additional Information

Additional information regarding the Company and its business and operations is available on the Company's profile at www.sedar.com and on the Company's website at www.whyresources.com. Copies of the information can also be obtained by contacting the Company at (403) 660-3488 or by email at frank@whyresources.com.

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Frank Marasco Jr., President and Chief Executive Officer

Patricia L. Nelson ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Barry Baim, ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Maria Marasco

Notes:

(1) Member of Audit Committee

(2) Member of Compensation and Governance Committee

OFFICERS

Frank Marasco Jr. – President and Chief Executive Officer

Shelina Hirji – Chief Financial Officer

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING:

TSX Venture Exchange (Trading Symbol: WHY)

AUDITORS:

KPMG LLP

Calgary, Alberta

REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT:

TSX Trust Company,

Calgary, Alberta